## PURDUE

## UNIVERSITY

# BIRCK NANOTECHNOLOGY CENTER

#### **BUILDING EMERGENCY PLAN**

**Section I: User Information** 

Updated: January 13, 2015 Prepared by: John R. Weaver



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#### 1. CONTACT INFORMATION

#### 1.1. Emergency Contact Information

In event of an emergency, call 911

BNC emergency number: 496-3333 (Calls all four managers)

Building Manager	Mark Voorhis vtext: mark.voorhis@vtext.com	4-3036	mvoorhis@purdue.edu Office: BRK 1214
Strategic Facilities Officer	John Weaver vtext: <u>john.weaver@vtext.com</u>	4-5494	irweaver@purdue.edu Office: BRK 1025
Safety Officer	Stephen Jurss Vtext: <u>sejurss@vtext.com</u>	6-8337	sejurss@purdue.edu Office: BRK 2289
Engineering Manager	Ron Reger	4-6667	rreger@purdue.edu Office: BRK 2289
BNC Deputy Director	Dimitri Peroulis	4-3491	dperouli@purdue.edu Office: 2287C
BNC Director	Ali Shakouri	6-6105	Shakouri@purdue.edu Office: BRK 1027B

#### 1.2. OTHER CONTACT INFORMATION - NON-EMERGENCY

1.1.	Fire: Purdue Fire Department (PUFD)	494-6919
1.2.	Police: Purdue Police Department (PUPD)	494-8221
1.3.	Radiological and Environmental Management:	494-6371
1.4.	Physical Facilities Services:	494-9999
1.5.	Emergency Preparedness Office	494-0446
1.6.	Emergency Room: St. Elizabeth West	423-6271

#### 2. Automatic External Defibrillator (AED)

An Automated External Defibrillator or AED is a portable electronic device that automatically diagnoses the potentially life threatening cardiac arrhythmias of ventricular fibrillation and ventricular tachycardia in a patient, and is able to treat them through defibrillation, the application of electrical therapy which stops the arrhythmia, allowing the heart to reestablish an effective rhythm.

AEDs are located on the first and second floors of the facility on the north end of the atrium, and in the cleanroom. Stephen Jurss is the contact person for the AEDs, sejurss@purdue.edu, 496-8337.



#### 3. RESPONSE TO ALARMS

#### 3.1. Evacuation Policy:

- 3.1.1. Purdue policy requires immediate evacuation when any fire alarm sounds within a building. All faculty, staff, students and any other individuals within the building must <u>promptly</u> evacuate the building using the nearest designated exit routes.
- 3.1.2. Departments are responsible to ensure all people in their building are aware of exit routes and location of their building Emergency Assembly Area (EAA).
- 3.1.3. Personnel may briefly delay evacuating if they need time to shut down electrical and other equipment, especially any that involves flame, explosive vapors, or hazardous materials.
- 3.1.4. All building occupants will follow instructions relevant to public safety issued by the building deputy, or fire and police personnel.
- 3.1.5. After exiting building, occupants are to go directly to their designated EAA and follow guidance provided by the building deputy (or designated safety representative) and emergency responders.
- 3.1.6. No one may re-enter building until authorized to do so by fire or police department officials.

## 3.2. General Evacuation Procedures--If you hear the fire alarm or are instructed to leave the building:

- 3.2.1. Immediately obey evacuation alarms and orders. Tell others to evacuate.
- 3.2.2. No one may remain inside a building when an evacuation is in progress.
- 3.2.3. Classes in session must evacuate.
- 3.2.4. If involved with hazardous research or doing a dangerous procedure, immediately shut down operations that could create additional hazards if left unattended. Evacuate as soon as possible.
- 3.2.5. When you evacuate, take keys, coat, purse and any other critical personal items with you to the EAA. **REMEMBER, IN CASE OF A FIRE, IT IS IMPORTANT NOT TO DELAY EVACUATION.**
- 3.2.6. Close doors as rooms are vacated.
- 3.2.7. Assist those who need help, but do not put yourself at risk attempting to rescue trapped or injured victims.
- 3.2.8. Note location of trapped and injured victims and notify emergency responders.
- 3.2.9. Walk calmly but guickly to the nearest emergency exit.
- 3.2.10. Use stairways only. **Do not use elevators.**
- 3.2.11. Keep to the right side of corridors and stairwells as you exit.
- 3.2.12. Proceed directly to your designated EAA. Stay away from the immediate area near the building you evacuated.
- 3.2.13. Remain in EAA until roll is taken and instructions are given.
- 3.2.14. Do not reenter the building until authorized fire or police department personnel give the "All Clear" instruction.

#### **EVACUATION**

#### **REMEMBER, WHEN YOU HEAR:**

- FIRE ALARMS and TOXIC GAS MONITORING SYSTEM ALARMS <u>immediately</u> evacuate the building and move to a safe location
- ALL HAZARDS SIRENS <u>immediately</u> seek shelter (Shelter-In-Place) in a safe location within closest facility

In both cases, you should solicit additional clarifying information by all possible means 

Purdue Homepage, TV, radio, email, etc.

#### 3.3 Specific BNC Evacuation Procedures

#### 3.3.1 Evacuation Alarm

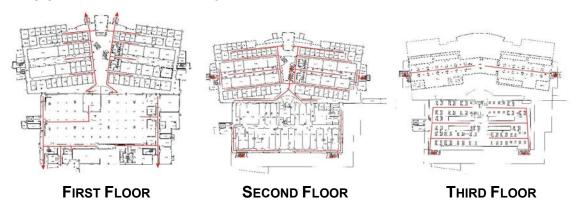
There are two BNC evacuation alarms, the fire alarm and the toxic gas alarm. If you hear either of these alarms:

- Exit the building immediately through the nearest emergency exit.

  Note: If you are in the cleanroom, do not degown. Exit through an emergency exit and then exit the building.
- Push an evacuation alarm button as you pass it. This ensures that the proper notification is given to Purdue University Fire Department.



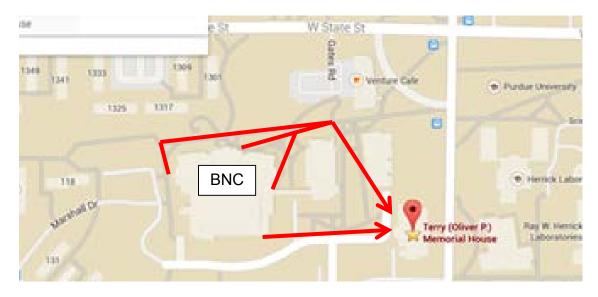
#### 3.3.2 BNC EXIT PATHS



• During normal business hours, proceed to the lobby area of the Burton Morgan Entrepreneurship Center, located to the northeast of the Birck Nanotechnology Center. A BNC staff member will meet you in that area and provide updates to the emergency situation. If you do not know the cause of the alarm, do not need help (e.g., not injured), and don't think that you can be of assistance in the emergency, you may remain there or feel free to leave the area.



• During off hours, proceed to the Purdue Police Department, located to the southeast of the BNC on Jischke Drive. Alternatively, if you do not know the cause of the alarm, do not need help (e.g., not injured), and don't think that you can be of assistance in the emergency, you may feel free to leave the area.



 Do not re-enter the Birck Nanotechnology Center until an ALL CLEAR has been given by a uniformed Purdue Police officer or Purdue Firefighter.

#### 3.3.2 Personnel in Cleanroom:

- 1. If fire alarm sounds, turn off energy sources to equipment ONLY if you can do so without delaying exit or putting yourself in danger.
- 2. Evacuate cleanroom using nearest emergency exit. Do not take time to degown while in the cleanroom; remove cleanroom jumpsuit when you have reached a safe location.
- 3. Exit building using STAIRWAY (Do NOT use elevator) to first level, then exit from nearest emergency exit.
- 4. Proceed to assembly location and sign in at EAA to verify safe exit from facility.

#### 3.3.3 Personnel in all other areas

- 1. If fire alarm sounds, turn off energy sources to equipment ONLY if you can do so without delaying exit or putting yourself in danger.
- 2. If on second or third floor, use STAIRWAY (Do NOT use elevator) to reach first floor, then exit from nearest emergency exit. If on first floor, exit from nearest emergency exit.
- 3. Proceed to assembly location and sign in at EAA to verify safe exit from facility.

*Note:* Please choose your route to the assembly location such that you are not putting yourself in danger. If you exit the rear of the building, please proceed around Bindley Biosciences Center or go east to Intramural Drive and then north to Burton Morgan.

#### 3.3.4 EMERGENCY ASSEMBLY AREA (EAA)

The Emergency Assembly Area (this is where roll-call and head count are performed) is in the Venture Café near the lobby of the Burton Morgan Entrepreneurship Center, northeast of the BNC. For an after-hours emergency, Purdue University Police have been instructed to unlock the Burton Morgan Entrepreneurship Center building.

#### 4. ALL CLEAR PROCEDURE

Do not re-enter the building until the all-clear announcement is given by a <u>uniformed</u> Purdue Police or Fire Officer. Do not re-enter the building based on guidance from any other person.

#### 5. Detailed Emergency Shelter-in-Place Procedures

Shelter in place means seeking immediate shelter inside a building or University residence. This course of action may need to be taken during a tornado, earthquake, release of hazardous materials in the outside air, or a civil disturbance. When you hear the sirens immediately go inside a building to a safe location and use all communication means available to find out more details about the emergency. Remain in place until police, fire, or other emergency response personnel provide additional guidance or tell you it is safe to leave.

- 5.1. **Types:** You may need to Shelter-in-Place for events such as:
  - 5.1.1. Tornado warning or other severe weather events.
  - 5.1.2. Hazardous materials release.
  - 5.1.3. Active shooter, building intruder, or civil disturbance.
  - 5.1.4. As directed by police personnel for any other situation that requires you to find protection within a building.
- 5.2. When to Shelter in Place: You must immediately seek shelter in the nearest facility or building (preferably in a room with no windows) when:
  - 5.2.1. You hear the All Hazards Outdoors Emergency Warning Sirens.
  - 5.2.2. When directed by police or fire department personnel.
- 5.3. **General Procedures:** Purdue ALERT, the University's emergency warning notification system, will be used to notify the Purdue community of a "shelter-in-place" situation.

#### 5.3.1. **Tornado Warning**

- 5.3.1.1. If you are "sheltering" due to a **tornado warning**, immediately go to a safe location in your building.
- 5.3.1.2. Proceed to the basement of any building that has a basement or sub-walk. Position yourself in the safest portion of the area away from glass. Be prepared to kneel facing a wall and cover your head.
- 5.3.1.3. In high-rise (four stories or more) buildings, vacate the top floor and move to a lower floor or to the basement. Position yourself in an interior corridor away from glass. Be prepared to kneel facing the wall and cover your head.
- 5.3.1.4. If time permits, occupants of wood-frame or brick buildings with wood floors should leave the building and go directly to a more substantial concrete building, preferably with a basement.
- 5.3.1.5. Any occupant who encounters a student or visitor should direct them to take appropriate actions.
- 5.3.1.6. Any occupant that encounters a physically disabled individual should assist them if possible.
- 5.3.1.7. Try and obtain additional clarifying information by all possible means (e.g. Purdue Homepage, TV, radio, email, etc.)

#### 5.3.2. Hazardous Material Incident

- 5.3.2.1. If you are "sheltering" due to a **hazardous materials (HAZMAT)** accidental release of toxic chemicals the air quality may be threatened and sheltering in place keeps you inside an area offering more protection. For a HAZMAT situation you should, if possible, take the following actions:
- 5.3.2.2. Close all windows and doors.
- 5.3.2.3. Move to the shelter in place location.

- 5.3.2.4. Do not go outside or attempt to drive unless you are specifically instructed to evacuate.
- 5.3.2.5. Do not use elevators as they may pump air into or out of the building.
- 5.3.2.6. Any occupant who encounters a student or visitor should direct them to take appropriate actions.
- 5.3.2.7. Any occupant that encounters a physically disabled individual should assist them if possible.
- 5.3.2.8. Try and obtain additional clarifying information by all possible means (e.g. Purdue Homepage, TV, radio, email, etc.)

#### 5.3.3. Active Shooter

- 5.3.3.1. Move to a safe location in your building
  - 5.3.3.1.1. All BNC exterior doors will lock use BNC or Purdue ID for entry if you are a BNC user
  - 5.3.3.1.2. Stay away from glass doors and windows
- 5.3.3.2. Determine your options for escape or concealment

#### 5.3.3.2.1. Escape if possible – leave the area

- 5.3.3.2.1.1. Leave belongings behind
- 5.3.3.2.1.2. Help others escape if possible
- 5.3.3.2.1.3. Keep your hands visible

#### 5.3.3.2.2. If escape is not possible, hide

- 5.3.3.2.2.1. If possible, take refuge in a room that can be locked.
- 5.3.3.2.2.2. If possible, close and lock the room's door (s). If unable to lock the door, secure it by any means possible.
- 5.3.3.2.3. The room should also provide limited visibility to anyone that is outside of it.
- 5.3.3.2.4. Hide under a desk, in a closet, or in the corner.
- 5.3.3.2.5. After getting to a safe location and without jeopardizing your safety, try and obtain additional clarifying information by all possible means (e.g. Purdue Homepage, TV, radio, email, etc.)
- 5.3.3.2.6. Report any suspicious activity if you can do so without jeopardizing your safety Call 911 if possible.

#### 5.3.3.2.7. As a last resort, take action

- 5.3.3.2.7.1. Only when your life is in imminent danger
- 5.3.3.3. Building Security System response
  - 5.3.3.3.1. All exterior doors will lock
  - 5.3.3.3.2. Access to building is by card-access system
  - 5.3.3.3. BNC users can gain access with their BNC ID or Purdue ID

#### Get Ready Get Set Go

#### Shelter-in-Place considerations for Life-Threatening incidents

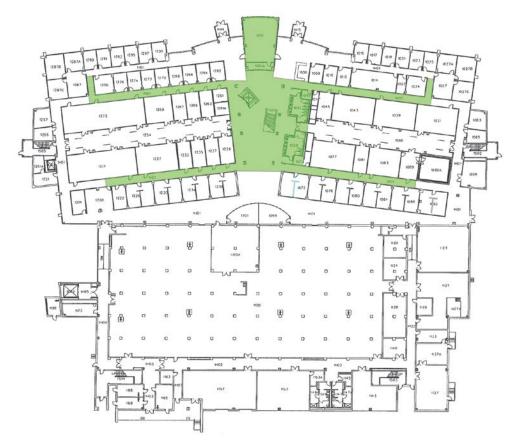
This information is designed to encourage building occupants to develop an individual plan based on potential life threatening incidents such as a shooting on campus. Actions should be based on situational awareness. React to Purdue ALERT information as well as what you see and hear in your general area. See EP website for more info: <a href="http://www.purdue.edu/emergency\_preparedness/">http://www.purdue.edu/emergency\_preparedness/</a>

Get Readybe prepared.  A life threatening incident has occurred on the West Lafayette campus; incident location is not near me.  Get Setstay alert; be prepared to implement your plan.  A life threatening incident has occurred on the West Lafayette campus; incident location is near me but not in my building.	General Actions: Follow information sources: Homepage, Twitter @PurdueEmergency, text & email alerts. Review your BEP (located on EP website and the BNC website). Notify others of incident. Review internal procedures; be ready to implement. Plan next steps if incident impacts my area: Should I get out? Where will I shelter if needed? Implement all Get Ready actions. If the threat is ongoing or you feel your safety is in jeopardy, implement your department or building specific actions. Be ready to get out/escape or shelter in safe area based on situational awareness.	Specific actions based on your location:  Note that building doors will lock but are accessible by card access.  Be sure to have your BNC ID and/or your Purdue ID on your person.  Identify a location that can be barricaded or locked where you can shelter if needed.  Identify exit paths from the building that will allow you to escape if needed.  Prepare to shelter in place if necessary. Prepare to escape if that is best option. Shut down any hazardous-material operations. Leave laboratories and cleanroom in a safe condition.  Be sure to have your ID with you.
Gostay calm and activate your plan.  A life threatening incident has occurred on the West Lafayette campus; incident location is in my building or I feel my safety is in jeopardy (location of perpetrator is unknown).	Based on situational awareness, immediately: Decide if you can escape; if possible get out of the building to a safe location. If you can't escape, then shelter in a lockable area and/or a room that you can secure or barricade.  As an absolute last resort, consider taking action if your safety is in jeopardy.	Execute your plan as indicated in General Actions to the left.

#### 6. Tornado Alarm

The tornado alarm indicates that there is an active tornado somewhere nearby. If you hear this alarm:

- Proceed to an approved tornado shelter location
- Remain in that location until the All Clear has been sounded.



**First Floor Only** 

#### 7. Class suspension or Campus closure

The President of the University, or in his absence, the Executive Vice President for Business and Finance, Treasurer and the Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost jointly, will make a decision to declare class suspension or campus closure. Additional information will be forwarded to the campus community by the Marketing and Media Office.

#### 8. Detailed Emergency Procedures

Purdue's Emergency Procedures Handbook will be referenced for all emergencies. A copy of the Handbook is attached to this BEP.

Supplemental information regarding emergency systems is located in the BNC Operating Policies and Procedures Manual. This is available at nano.purdue.edu => facilities => operations.

The BEP focuses on three basic and immediate warning notifications:

- 8.1.1. **Fire Alarms** mean to immediately evacuate the building through the nearest emergency exit and proceed to the Emergency Assembly Area, the Venture Café in the Burton Morgan Entrepreneurship Center. Alert others to the emergency and ask if they will need help in evacuation. Do not use elevators.
- 8.1.2. **Toxic Gas Alarms** mean to immediately evacuate the building through the nearest emergency exit and proceed to the Emergency Assembly Area, the Venture Café in the Burton Morgan Entrepreneurship Center. Alert others to the emergency and ask if they will need help in evacuation. Do not use elevators.

**NOTE:** The Venture Café is used as the Emergency Assembly Area. This gathering point is used to ensure that all people have safely evacuated the building, so it is critical that you come to this location so that you can be logged as being out of the building.

8.1.3. **All Hazards Emergency Warning Sirens** means to immediately seek shelter (Shelter In Place) in a safe location within closest facility/building. Alert others to the emergency and ask if they will need help in evacuation. Do not use elevators.

Additional warning notifications will follow using the Purdue Emergency Warning Notification System.

**NOTE:** In the event of a campus emergency civil disturbance or active shooter, the doors of the BNC will be locked. Access to the building will be by BNC ID swipe card or Purdue ID swipe card if you are a trained occupant/user of the BNC.

#### 8.2. INITIATION OF AN EVACUATION

An evacuation can be initiated manually or automatically.

An automatic evacuation alarm is sounded if the Toxic Gas Monitoring (TGM) System has detected the presence of a hazardous gas in the facility, if the doubly-contained piping system has a catastrophic breach, or if the building smoke detectors sense the presence of smoke in the facility.

The evacuation alarm can be sounded manually by pulling a red fire-alarm station or by pressing the red button in a yellow Emergency Gas Shutoff station. If the red button is pressed in the gas shutoff station, hazardous gases to the facility are automatically shut off.

#### 8.3. EVACUATION GUIDELINES FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES

- a. General Policy (reference Emergency Procedures Handbook for specific information that may be useful in developing your specific policy/procedures for your building):
- b. Check on people with special needs during an evacuation. A "buddy system," where people with disabilities arrange for volunteers (co-workers) to alert and assist them in an emergency is recommended.
- c. <u>Only</u> attempt an emergency evacuation if you have had emergency assistance training <u>or</u> the person is in immediate danger and cannot wait for emergency services personnel.
- d. **Always ask** someone with a disability how you can help **before** attempting any emergency evacuation assistance. Ask how he or she can best be assisted or moved, and whether there are any special considerations or items that need to come with the person.
- e. Faculty and staff who are mobility impaired should let the building deputy or designated building representative know the location of their usual work area and special needs. Document the information in the below table.

Names & Locations of Building Occupants with Special Emergency Needs

Name	Office	Laboratory	Phone

#### 8.4. MEDICAL EMERGENCIES

8.4.1. Call 911 or use Emergency Call Box and report incident.

8.4.2. 2.

- 8.4.3. Do not move the patient unless safety dictates.
- 8.4.4. Fire Department personnel are trained certified Emergency Medical Technicians. They will respond to medical emergencies on campus. Any injury occurring as a result of an existing hazardous condition should be reported to the Purdue Police Department.
- 8.4.5. Request emergency medical assistance by calling the Emergency Dispatch Center at 911.
- 8.4.6. The individual making the call should make every effort to stay on the phone with the dispatcher and answer as many questions as possible regarding the condition of the injured person so that information can be forwarded to the responding emergency personnel.
- 8.4.7. The Purdue University Fire Department maintains an Advanced Life Support Transport Service. Medical emergencies should not be transported in personal or University vehicles. The ambulance is on call 24 hours a day.

## **Appendix:** Evacuation Guidelines for People Requesting Additional Assistance

- A) General Policy (reference Appendix D for specific information that may be useful in developing your specific policy/procedures for your building):
- B) Check on people with additional needs during an evacuation. A "buddy system," where people with additional needs arrange for volunteers (coworkers) to alert and assist them in an emergency is recommended.
- C) Only attempt an emergency evacuation if you have had emergency assistance training or the person is in immediate danger and cannot wait for emergency services personnel.
- D) Always ask someone requiring additional assistance how you can help **before** attempting any emergency evacuation assistance. Ask how he or she can best be assisted or moved, and whether there are any special considerations or items that need to come with the person.
- E) Faculty and staff who have mobility impairments should let the building deputy or designated building representative know the location of their usual work area and additional needs.
- F) An individual that requires additional assistance may fill out the "Voluntary Registry for Persons Requesting Additional Assistance" form located in Appendix C. Purdue Fire Department personnel will assist the individual in developing a personalized response plan for possible emergency incidents. Once all information has been entered on the form it should be hand carried to the Purdue Fire Department or sent by campus mail/U.S. Postal Service.

#### **Appendix: Acronyms and Term Definitions**

#### **Acronyms**

**BD:** Building Deputy

BEP: Building Emergency Plan

**EAA:** Emergency/Evacuation Assembly Area

**EPG:** Emergency Procedures Guide

**PUFD:** Purdue University Fire Department **PUPD:** Purdue University Police Department

**REM:** Radiological and Environmental Management

#### **Term Definitions**

All Hazards Outdoor Warning Sirens: Tippecanoe County Emergency Management Agency controls activation of the siren system. (Purdue police department has access/can activate the five sirens located on campus.) Sirens are part of the warning notification system for any major shelter in place event such as tornado warning, building intruder, active shooter, civil disturbance, or as deemed necessary by police personnel.

**Building Deputy:** The building deputy is a University employee who has a defined role in each campus building. In an emergency, the building deputy should report to the Incident Command location to provide building information to emergency responders. The "all clear" information will typically be communicated to the building deputy when it is safe to return to the building so that the occupants can be notified.

**Building Emergency Plan:** The plan is a document that consists of emergency procedures, activities for preparing for emergencies, and roles and responsibilities of building occupants.

**Building Safety Committee:** A group composed of members of each department in the building generally chaired by the building deputy or other employee, charged with coordinating building safety concerns.

**Critical Operations:** Any potentially hazardous operations located in your facility that requires preplanning for evacuation and/or shelter-in-place events. Additionally, this information must be readily available to first responders to assist them in their emergency response efforts.

**Department Safety Coordinator:** This coordinator is a University employee who assists department management in coordinating, implementing, and documenting the department's safety program. This includes ensuring that the department safety committee meets regularly, conducting periodic workplace inspections, and becoming or remaining a participant in the Integrated Safety Program.

**Department Safety Committee:** A group composed of department representatives from each major unit of the department. If a department occupies different buildings, ideally, representatives from each building serve on the committee. Primary functions include:

Serves as a forum for department employees to report and discuss safety or environmental improvement needs.

- Identify employee needs for safety training and request training sessions accordingly.
- Coordinates safety self audits on a regular basis; assisting department management in prioritizing actions to address safety concerns.
- Disseminates information about requirements concerning workplace health, safety, and environmental protection.

**Emergency/Evacuation Assembly Area (EAA):** A pre-designated safe location near a building where building occupants assemble and report to the Roll Taker(s) after evacuating their building.

**Emergency Responder(s):** Person(s) who provide assistance in an emergency (or potential emergency) situation in a building. They are not building occupants and may be from Purdue University police department, Purdue fire department, REM, Physical Facilities, etc. In critical situations, they may take charge of the building and have full authority over activities in and around the building.

**Roll Taker:** A building occupant assigned to take roll at the emergency assembly area (EAA) after a building evacuation.

#### **Appendix E: Resource List**

**Campus Emergency Preparedness and Planning Office:** 765-494-0446

The office serves as the focal point for emergency preparedness questions and issues. Reference the following website for more information: http://www.purdue.edu/emergency\_preparedness/

Radiological and Environmental Management: 765-494-6371

Information on various safety topics, including hazard evaluations and employee training can be found online at <a href="http://www.purdue.edu/REM">http://www.purdue.edu/REM</a>

Physical Facilities: 765-494-9999

Installation and repair of facility safety equipment; maintenance services can be found online at http://www.purdue.edu/buildings\_grounds/

Purdue University Police: 765-494-8221

Information on personal safety in the workplace can be found online at <a href="http://www.purdue.edu/police/programs/types/workplace.htm">http://www.purdue.edu/police/programs/types/workplace.htm</a>

Purdue University Fire: 765-494-6919

Information on training and services <a href="http://www.purdue.edu/fire">http://www.purdue.edu/fire</a>

#### **APPENDIX:**



DATE SUBMITTE	ED:
REVIEWED BY:	

## VOLUNTARY REGISTRY FOR PERSONS REQUESTING ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE

Once all information has been ente completely, please send form by campus mail, U.S.P.S. or in persor	Purdue Fire Department
Name: Email: Primary Phone: Address: Student	Assistance Location Phone:
Emergency Notification	Type of Assistance Requested
Fire / Building Evacuation:	
Shelter-in-place:	
Other (specify):	

## In the event of an emergency that may require the evacuation of a campus building, the following procedures are recommended:

- If you are able to evacuate, please do so at that time. Remember to use the stairs if able. Never use the elevator during a fire alarm.
- If not shelter-in-place in an area with no immediate hazards and telephone 911. Advise the police dispatcher of your location. The use of 911 routinely identifies the location of the caller if you are calling from a Purdue University land-line phone. Even if the caller is unable to speak, the dispatcher will then automatically surmise that the caller may be in trouble and will respond accordingly.
- If you are unable to call 911, advise others around you of your location and have them inform emergency personnel of your location.
- If you are in no immediate danger, remain where you are and wait for emergency personnel to arrive.
- If you are in immediate danger, move to an area where you can shelter-in-place (recommended areas would be a room with an outside window or a room with a sprinkler system if available.)
- You are also encouraged to carry a sounding device like a small whistle, flashlight and cell phone to alert emergency personnel of your location.
- It is best to have arrangements pre-planned for evacuation assistance.
   Arrangements can be made to reasonably assure that assistance is provided to anyone who requires it. Having a plan and practicing it may save your life.
   Contact the Purdue Fire Department for arrangements or questions at (765) 494-6919.

For further assistance in your personal emergency preparedness activities, please contact the Purdue University Campus Emergency Preparedness & Planning Office at (765) 494-0446 or visit our website at:

www.purdue.edu/emergency preparedness/

## Appendix: Supplemental Evacuation Guidelines for People with Disabilities

The following guidelines have been adopted by Purdue University to assist in planning for the evacuation of people with physical disabilities.

#### I. In all emergencies, after an evacuation has been ordered:

- A) Evacuate if possible.
- B) **DO NOT** use elevators, unless authorized to do so by emergency services personnel.
- C) Check on people with additional needs during an evacuation. A "buddy system," where people with disabilities arrange for volunteers (coworkers/neighbors) to alert them and assist them in an emergency, is recommended.
- D) Only attempt an emergency evacuation if you have had emergency assistance training or the person is in immediate danger and cannot wait for emergency services personnel.
- E) ALWAYS **ASK** someone with a disability how you can help **before** attempting any emergency evacuation assistance. Ask how he or she can best be assisted or moved, and whether there are any special considerations or items that need to come with the person.

#### F) If you have a physical disability and are unable to use stairways:

- 1) Stay calm, and take steps to protect yourself.
- 2) If there is a working phone, call <u>911</u> and tell the police dispatcher <u>where you</u> are **or** where you will be moving to.
- 3) If you must move, we recommend the following:
  - (i) Move to an <u>enclosed exit stairway</u>, while taking care not to block the <u>exit of building personnel.</u>
  - (ii) Request persons exiting by way of the stairway to notify the Fire Department of your location.
  - (iii) Await Emergency Responders.

#### II. Power Outages:

- A) If an outage occurs during the day and people with disabilities choose to wait in the building for electricity to be restored, they can move near a window where there is natural light and access to a working telephone. During regular business hours, Building Deputies should be notified so they can advise emergency personnel.
- B) If people would like to leave and an evacuation has been ordered, or if the outage occurs at night, call 911 and request evacuation assistance.

## III. The following guidelines are general and may not apply in every circumstance.

A) Occupants should be invited to volunteer ahead of time to assist people with disabilities in an emergency. If a volunteer is not available, designate someone to assist who is willing to accept the responsibility.

- B) Two or more trained volunteers, if available, should conduct the evacuation.
- C) ALWAYS **ASK** people with disabilities how you can help **before** attempting any emergency evacuation assistance. Ask how they can best be assisted or moved, and if there are any special considerations or items that need to come with them.
- D) Try to avoid evacuating people who use wheelchairs while they are still in their wheelchairs. This is standard practice to ensure the safety of people with disabilities and volunteers. Wheelchairs will be evacuated later if possible.
- E) Proper lifting techniques (e.g. bending the knees, keeping the back straight, holding the person close before lifting, and using leg muscles to lift) should be used to avoid injury to rescuer's backs. Certain lifts may need to be modified, depending on the disabilities of the people. Volunteers can obtain more emergency evacuation information regarding lifting techniques from the Office of Institutional Equity.

#### IV. Tips to remember when interacting with people with specific disabilities

- A) Blindness or Visual Impairment
  - 1) Provide verbal instructions to advise of the safest route or direction using simple directions, estimated distances, and directional terms.
  - 2) DO NOT grasp a visually impaired person's arm. Ask if he or she would like to hold onto your arm as you exit, especially if there is debris or a crowd.
  - 3) Give other verbal instructions or information (i.e. elevators cannot be used).

#### B) Deafness or Hearing Impairment

- Get the attention of a person with a hearing impairment by establishing eye contact. If the person's back is toward you, tap him/her on the shoulder to get his/her attention. Clearly state the problem. Gestures and pointing are helpful, but be prepared to write a brief statement if the person does not seem to understand.
- 2) Offer visual instructions to advise of safest route or direction by pointing toward exits or evacuation maps.

#### C) Mobility Impairment

- 1) It may be necessary to help clear the exit route of debris (if possible).
- 2) If people with mobility impairments cannot exit, they should move to a safer area, e.g.
  - (i) Most enclosed stairwells.
  - (ii) An office with the door shut which is a good distance from the hazard (and away from falling debris in the case of earthquakes).
- 3) Call 911 or notify police or fire personnel immediately about any people remaining in the building and their locations.
- 4) Police or fire personnel will decide whether people are safe where they are, and will evacuate them as necessary. The Fire Department may determine that it is safe to override the rule against using elevators.

5) If people are in immediate danger and cannot be moved to a safer area to wait for assistance, it may be necessary to evacuate them using an evacuation chair or a carry technique.

#### V. Summary

A) Prepare occupants in your building ahead of time for emergency evacuations. Know your building occupants. Train staff, faculty, and students to be aware of the needs of people with disabilities and to know how to offer assistance. Hold evacuation drills in which occupants participate, and evaluate drills to identify areas that need improvement. Plans must cover regular working hours, after hours, and weekends. Everyone needs to take responsibility for preparing for emergencies. People with disabilities should consider what they would do and whether they need to take additional steps to prepare.